

## Antengene Announces Five Presentations at the 2023 American Association for Cancer Research Meeting

- Five posters showcased progress with multiple preclinical and clinical programs, including ATG-008 (mTORC1/2 inhibitor), ATG-017 (ERK1/2 inhibitor), ATG-037 (CD73 inhibitor), ATG-031 (anti-CD24 monoclonal antibody) and ATG-034 (LILRB4 antagonist antibody)
- Clinical results showed promising efficacy of ATG-008 in patients with **advanced HBV+ HCC**, especially those who had received CPIs

Shanghai and Hong Kong, PRC, April 17, 2023 — Antengene Corporation Limited ("Antengene" SEHK: 6996.HK), a leading innovative, global biopharmaceutical company dedicated to discovering, developing and commercializing first-in-class and/or best-in-class medicines for cancer, today announced the presentation of five posters at the American Association for Cancer Research Annual Meeting 2023 Meetings (AACR 2023), taking place from April 14th to 19th at the Orange County Convention Center in Orlando, Florida, the United States.

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"The five posters we present at AACR 2023 provides Antengene with an

opportunity to share a range of encouraging results including the

expanded Phase II data of ATG-008 for the second-line treatment of

patients with HBV+ HCC, as well as the preclinical results of ATG-017, ATG-

037, ATG-031, and ATG-034," said Dr. Bo Shan, Antengene's Chief

**Scientific Officer**. "A highlight of the results is the promising tumor

response and overall survival data from the study in patients with

advanced disease as they suggest that ATG-008 monotherapy represent

a promising therapeutic option for patients who have received prior

systemic therapy, including PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitors. Maintaining our focus

on addressing patients' unmet clinical needs, we will continue to actively

explore and evaluate combinations between our existing programs and

other targets and agents, with the hope of gathering sufficient rationale

to support the future clinical development of these regimens."

**Details of the Poster Presentations:** 

ATG-008 (mTORC1/2 inhibitor)

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onatasertib(ATG-008) in HBV+ advanced hepatocellular carcinoma(HCC)

**Title:** Result of an open-label phase 2 trial of dual TORC1/TORC2 inhibitor

subjects who have received at least one prior line of systemic

therapy(TORCH)

**Abstract:** CT150

**Date:** April 17, 2023

**Time:** 1:30 PM - 5:00 PM (Eastern Time)

1:30 AM - 5:00 AM, April 18, 2023 (Beijing Time)

- This Phase II study was designed to evaluate the pharmacokinetics,

safety and efficacy of ATG-008 in patients with advanced hepatitis B

virus (HBV) positive hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC). 73 patients with

HBV+, unresectable and refractory HCC were enrolled to receive ATG-

008 at one of the four dose levels.

Data from this study showed that 3 subjects achieved a partial

response (PR), all in the 45 mg QD monotherapy cohort. A total of 18

patients were enrolled in this cohort that achieved an objective

response rate (ORR) of 16.7%. Among them, 11 patients (61.1%) had

received at least 2 prior lines of therapy and 15 patients had been

exposed to an anti-PD-1/PD-L1 checkpoint inhibitor (CPI) (83.3%). The

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median progression-free survival (mPFS) was 3 months in the intend-

to-treat (ITT) population and 5.3 months in the 45mg QD cohort.

These data suggest that ATG-008 has single-agent efficacy in HBV+

HCC patients who have failed at least one prior systemic therapy,

notably in the 45 mg QD dosing level, in which most patients had

been previously exposed to an anti-PD-1/PD-L1 therapy. Further, the

results indicate that ATG-008 has the potential in HBV+ HCC patients

who have failed prior CPI therapy and support further study,

particularly in patients who have failed prior anti-VEGF and anti-PD-

l/PD-L1 therapy. ATG-008 is being evaluated in the Phase II TORCH-2

study in patients with cervical cancer and other solid tumors.

ATG-017 (ERK1/2 inhibitor)

**Title:** Synergistic effects of the combination of ERK1/2 with EGFR,

KRAS<sup>G12C</sup>, CDK4/6, and PD-L1 inhibition for cancer treatment

Abstract: 5499

**Date:** April 18, 2023

**Time:** 1:30 PM - 5:00 PM (Eastern Time)

1:30 AM - 5:00 AM, April 19, 2023 (Beijing Time)



- This preclinical study was designed to test the *in vivo* anti-tumor
  - effects induced by the combination of ATG-017, with EGFR inhibitor
  - (osimertinib), KRAS<sup>G12C</sup> inhibitor (ATG-012), CDK4/6 inhibitor
  - (abemaciclib) or PD-L1 inhibitor (atezolizumab), in preclinical tumor
  - models including three models of non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)
  - (with EGF-R and KRAS mutations), and one model of T-cell lymphoma
  - (resistant to anti-PD-L1) for assessing the tumor growth inhibition (TGI)
  - and the presence of tumor infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs).
- According to the results, ATG-017 demonstrated significant TGI
  - (>60%) in the NSCLC models. In the T-cell lymphoma model, the
  - combination of ATG-017 and the PD-L1 inhibitor, atezolizumab,
  - showed significant tumor growth inhibition. Furthermore, that
  - combination induced increased the infiltration of anti-tumor TILs,
  - suggesting a potential role for ATG-017 in changing "cold" tumors
  - to "hot".
- These data suggest that the combination of ATG-017 with EGFR,
  - KRAS<sup>G12C</sup>, CDK4/6, and PD-L1 inhibitors have strong synergism and
  - significantly improved TGI, thus represent promising therapeutic
  - strategies for cancer patients. Antengene is evaluating ATG-017 in
  - the Phase I ERASER study, as monotherapy and in combination with

nivolumab, in patients with advanced solid tumors and

hematological malignancies in Australia and the U.S.

ATG-037 (CD73 inhibitor)

**Title:** Targeting CD73-Adenosine Axis for the treatment of multiple

myeloma

**Abstract:** 496

**Date:** April 16, 2023

**Time:** 1:30 PM - 5:00 PM (Eastern Time)

1:30 AM - 5:00 AM, April 17, 2023 (Beijing Time)

- This preclinical study was designed to evaluate the potential of ATG-

**037** in treating multiple myeloma (MM). CD73 is a cell surface enzyme

which is highly expressed in the tumor microenvironment and enables

the conversion of ATP to adenosine, promoting the progression of

cancer by inhibiting T-cells, natural killer (NK) cells, and dendritic cells

(DCs), and inducing and enhancing the function of

immunosuppressive cell types. ATG-037's ability to inhibit the activity

of CD73 was evaluated in enzyme inhibition and T cell proliferation

and activation assays. In vivo efficacy was assessed in syngeneic

myeloma models.

Results showed complete inhibition of CD73 with ATG-037, without a

"hook effect" compared to another industry benchmark antibody

**program.** In addition, ATG-037 completely restored the function of

activated T-cells and CAR-T cells from AMP-mediated T-cell

suppression, suggesting a potential application in CAR-T cell therapy.

In addition, the treatment with ATG-037 resulted in significant TGI

compared to vehicle controls.

- These data suggest that ATG-037 has single agent anti-myeloma

efficacy, thus making this abstract the first report of in vivo efficacy

study of a CD73 inhibitors in myeloma animal models. Antengene is

currently evaluating ATG-037 in Australia and mainland of China in

the Phase I STAMINA study, as a monotherapy and in combination

with pembrolizumab, in patients with locally advanced or metastatic

solid tumors.

ATG-031 (anti-CD24 monoclonal antibody)

**Title:** ATG-031, a first-in-class humanized anti-CD24 antibody,

demonstrates potent in vivo efficacy and repolarizes tumor-associated

macrophages in the TME

Abstract: 6641

**Date:** April 19, 2023

**Time:** 9:00 AM - 12:30 PM (Eastern Time)

9:00 PM April 19 - 12:30 AM April 20, 2023 (Beijing Time)

This preclinical study was designed to evaluate the in vivo efficacy

of ATG-031 and explored its pharmacodynamic effects.

Data showed that ATG-031 monotherapy produced robust, 60-100%

**TGI,** with increased, synergistic tumor regression from the

combination of ATG-031 with oxaliplatin (chemotherapy) or

atezolizumab (CPI), evaluated in one of the murine models. Flow

cytometry analysis shows that ATG-031 increases T cell (CD4/CD8)

tumor infiltration and significantly lower population of Treg cells in the

tumor microenvironment.

These results suggest that the first-in-class antibody, ATG-031,

specifically binds to CD24 with nM affinity and blocks the interaction

of CD24 and Siglec-10. ATG-031 induces efficient phagocytosis with a



picomolar EC<sub>50</sub>, stimulating pro-inflammatory cytokines production by

macrophages.

ATG-034 (LILRB4 antagonist antibody)

**Title:** ATG-034, an LILRB4 antagonist antibody, reinvigorates dendritic

cells and prevents tumor progression

Abstract: 6384

**Date:** April 19, 2023

**Time:** 9:00 AM - 12:30 PM (Eastern Time)

9:00 PM April 19 - 12:30 AM April 20, 2023 (Beijing Time)

This preclinical study was designed to evaluate ATG-034, an

antibody targeting LILRB4, as a potential immunotherapy. The

antibody was tested using SPR, ELISA and FACS analysis to assess its

ability to bind to LILRB4, block its interaction with its ligand, fibronectin,

and reinvigorate DCs to an "immunogenic" state.

- According to the data, ATG-034 demonstrated single-digit

nanomolar affinity and blocked the interaction of LILRB4 with its

target ligand, fibronectin and completely reversed fibronectin-

mediated suppression of tolerized DC activation (TolDC), evidenced by

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increased TNF- $\alpha$  production. In addition, the antibody reprogrammed

DCs to become immunogenic, as measured by the up regulation of

several key co-stimulatory molecules (CD86, HLA-DR and HLA-ABC)

and down-regulation of an M2 biomarker (CD206).

- These results suggest that ATG-034 successfully reprogrammed

tolerized DCs to an "immunogenic" state, thereby enhancing

anti-tumor immunity and demonstrating potent in vivo anti-tumor

efficacy compared to a benchmarking compound.

**About Antengene** 

Antengene Corporation Limited ( "Antengene", SEHK: 6996.HK) is a

leading commercial-stage R&D-driven global biopharmaceutical

company focused on the discovery, development, manufacturing

and commercialization of innovative first-in-class/best-in-class

therapeutics for the treatment of hematologic malignancies and

solid tumors, in realizing its vision of "Treating Patients Beyond

Borders".

Since 2017, Antengene has built a pipeline of 9 oncology assets at various

stages going from clinical to commercial, including 6 with global rights,

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and 3 with rights for the APAC region. To date, Antengene has obtained

28 investigational new drug (IND) approvals in the U.S. and Asia, and

submitted 9 new drug applications (NDAs) in multiple Asia Pacific

markets, with the NDA for XPOVIO® (selinexor) already approved in

Mainland of China, Taiwan, China, South Korea, Singapore and

Australia.

Forward-looking statements

The forward-looking statements made in this article relate only

to the events or information as of the date on which the

statements are made in this article. Except as required by law,

we undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any

forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new

information, future events or otherwise, after the date on which

the statements are made or to reflect the occurrence of

unanticipated events. You should read this article completely

and with the understanding that our actual future results or

performance may be materially different from what we expect.

In this article, statements of, or references to, our intentions or

those of any of our Directors or our Company are made as of the



date of this article. Any of these intentions may alter in light of future development. For a further discussion of these and other factors that could cause future results to differ materially from any forward-looking statement, see the section titled "Risk Factors" in our periodic reports filed with the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the other risks and uncertainties described in the Company's Annual Report for year-end December 31, 2021, and subsequent filings with the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

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