

## ANTENGENE INVESTOR PRESENTATION

TREATING PATIENTS BEYOND BORDERS

APRIL 2023

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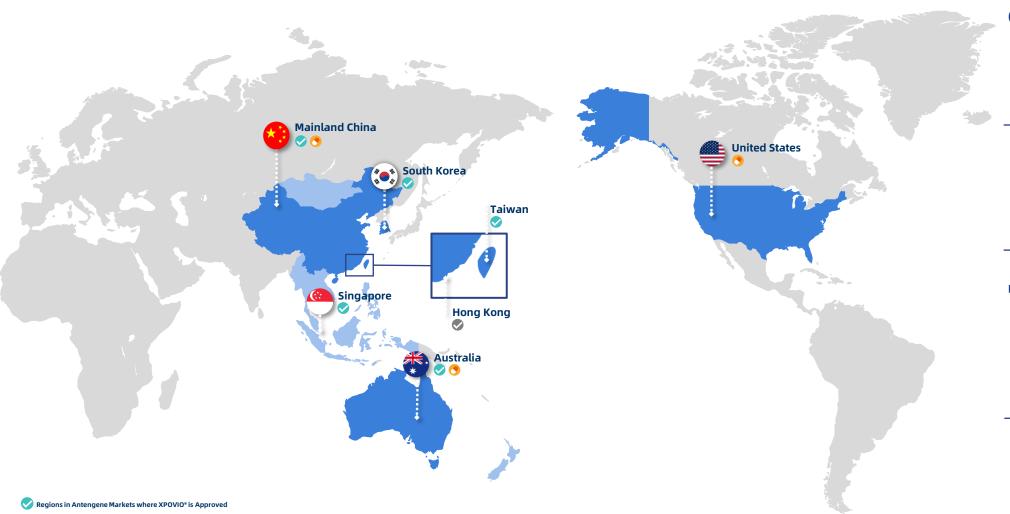
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## Antengene is Executing on Our Strategy to Bring Transformative Medicines to Patients Around the World





**Commercialization in** 

5 APAC Markets

Clinical
Stage
Assets\*

16 Ongoing Trials

in Mainland China, Australia and the US

370+

**Employees Globally**\*\*

Regions Expecting Selinexor Approval in 2023

<sup>\* 9</sup> clinical stage assets includes ATG-031 (CD24 monoclonal antibody) that is ready for IND-submission

<sup>\*\*</sup> Employee count as of 28th March, 2023

### Setting a Strong Foundation for Growth in 2023 and Beyond



#### XPOVIO® R&D and Pan-APAC Commercialization



## 塞利尼索片 20mg

#### 2022 Revenue: RMB160.1 Million

(5.6x vs 2021 Revenue of RMB 28.8 mm)





mid-May







Taiwan

#### Xd regimen in multiple myeloma (MM) achieved reimbursement listing in Australia

Complete patient enrollment for "SEARCH" study in R/R diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL)

Commercial launch of XPOVIO® in Mainland China in

XVd regimen in MM obtained Australian PBAC **recommendation** for reimbursement listing

2022 Achievements

- Mainland China sNDA submission for "SEARCH" study in R/R DLBCL
- o XVd regimen in 2L+ MM achieving reimbursement listing in Australia
- Complete patient enrollment for "BENCH" study in 2L+ MM
- NDA approval in **Hong Kong**
- Start pivotal trial in myelofibrosis (XPORT-MF-034)

#### **Research and Development**

**Clinical** Stage Assets\* H Bristol Myers Squibb®

**Clinical Development Partnerships** 



MERCK **BeiGene** 

#### **Research Data Publications**













#### **APAC R&D**

#### ATG-008 (Onatasertib) - mTORC1/2 Inhibitor

## **Achievements** 2022

- Encouraging data readout of "TORCH-2" trial in relapsed/metastatic cervical cancer
- Observed single agent activity in 2L+ HBV positive hepatocellular carcinoma in "TORCH" trial

# 2023 Catalysts

Confirm the regulatory pathway for ATG-008 in combination anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody in relapsed/metastatic cervical cancer

#### **GLOBAL R&D**

## **Achievements** 2022

- Progressing smoothly in dose escalation (Phase I):
  - ATG-017 Tizaterkib (**ERK1/2** small molecule inhibitor)
  - ATG-101 (PD-L1/4-1BB bispecific antibody)
  - ATG-037(CD73 small molecule inhibitor)
  - ATG-018 (ATR small molecule inhibitor)
- Entered into a **global clinical collaboration** with Merck Sharp & Dohme to evaluate ATG-037 in combination with KEYTRUDA® (pembrolizumab)

Catalysts

2023

#### Clinical data readout:

- ATG-017 Tizaterkib (**ERK1/2** small molecule inhibitor)
- ATG-101 (**PD-L1/4-1BB** bispecific antibody)
- ATG-037 (CD73 small molecule inhibitor)
- ATG-018 (ATR small molecule inhibitor)

#### Commencement of first-in-human trial:

- ATG-022 (Claudin 18.2 ADC)
- ATG-031 (CD24 monoclonal antibody)

### **Global Team of Industry Veterans**



### Global Management Team with Deep Local Experience and Insights Working Seamlessly Across Regions

#### **Amily Zhang Chief Medical Officer**









John F. Chin, MBA Chief Business Officer







**Eitan Liu** 

**Chief Operating Officer** 













Jav Mei, M.D., Ph.D.

Founder / Chairman / Chief Executive Officer

CANCER























Bo Shan, Ph.D. Chief Scientific Officer







Donald Lung, JD, MBA Chief Financial Officer







Yijun Yang, Ph.D., Sc.D

Corporate Vice President, Head of Clinical Enabling Functions & Operational Excellence









**Thomas Karalis** 

Corporate Vice President, Head of Asia Pacific Markets













Corporate Vice President, Biometrics & Regulatory **Enabling Functions** 















Corporate Vice President, Head of Hematology Business Unit, China























Johnson Johnson

NOVARTIS

















### Dual Engine of Growth Through Value-adding Partnerships and In-house Discovery



### Rich Pipeline with Commercialization Across Multiple Markets, Driven by Strong Execution Capabilities



## Antengene Has Executed and Delivered on Significant Milestones Since IPO

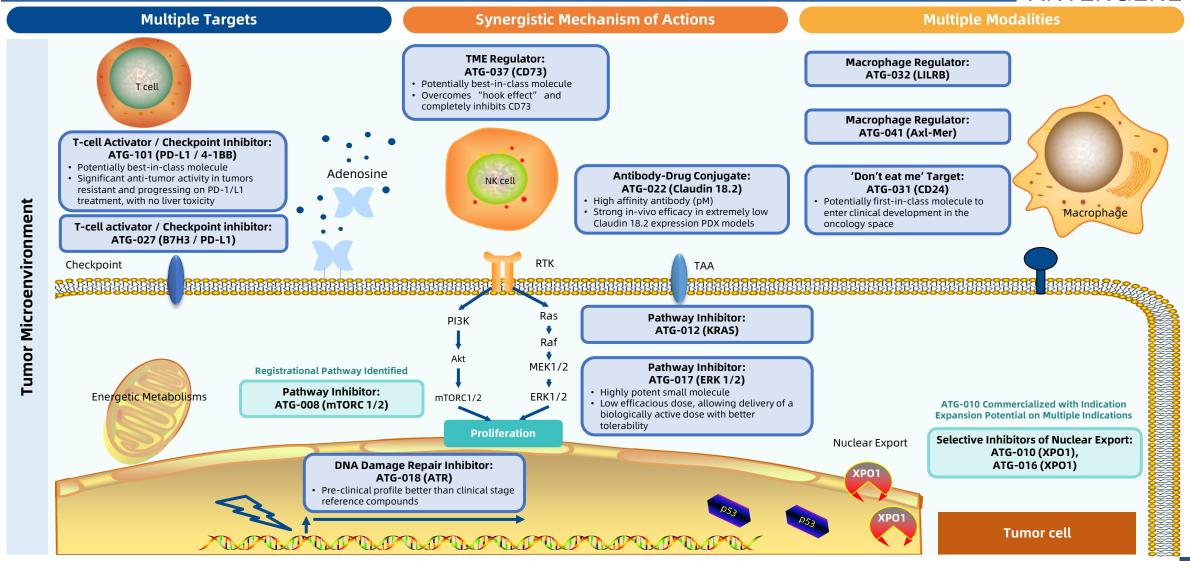


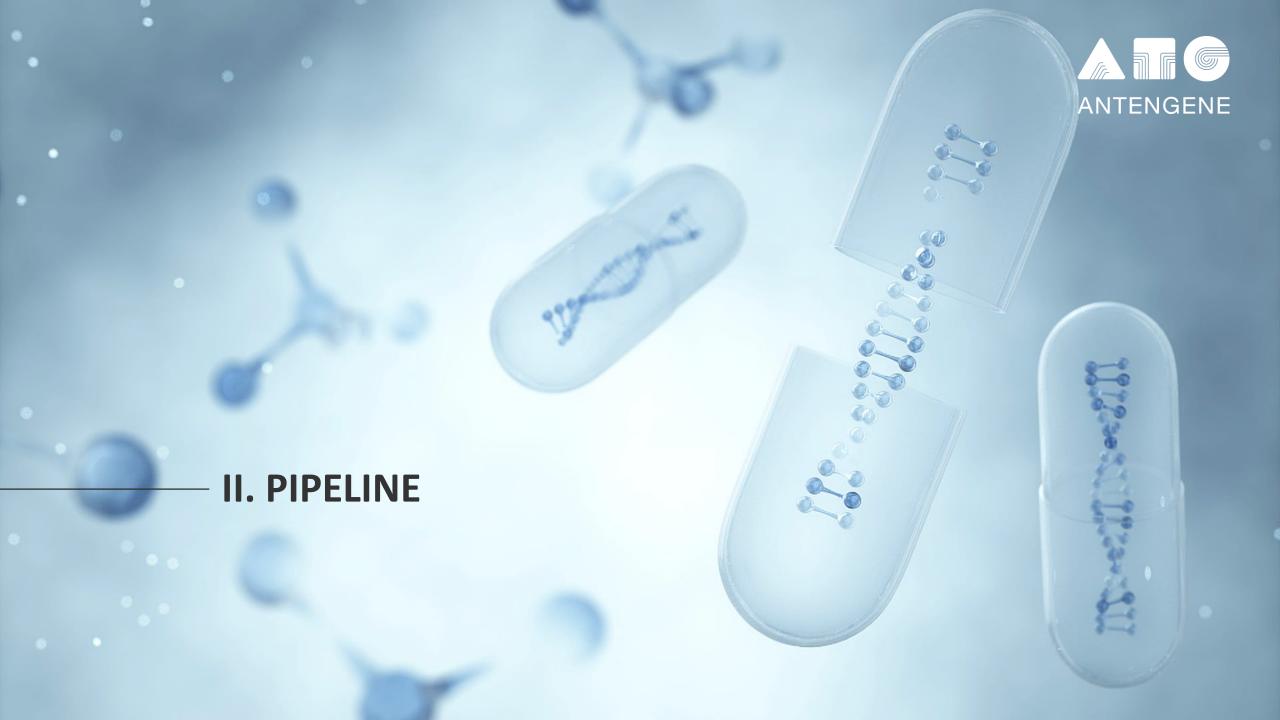
		November 20 <sup>th</sup> , 2020	November 20 <sup>th</sup> , 2022			
Commercialization	Product Approvals	0	塞利尼索片 (Selinexor) (Selinexor) Taiwan			
Registrational Trials	ATG-010 (Selinexor)	2 ongoing	4 ongoing; 1 completed			
Registrational Path	ATG-008 (Onatasertib)	No	Yes (Relapsed/Metastatic Cervical Cancer)			
Global Best-in-class Potential Assets in Clinical Stage		ATG-017 - ERK1/2 small molecule inhibitor	ATG-017 - ERK1/2 small molecule inhibitor ATG-101 - PD-L1/4-1BB bispecific antibody ATG-037 - CD73 small molecule inhibitor ATG-018 - ATR small molecule inhibitor ATG-022 - Claudin 18.2 ADC (IND submitted)			
Global First-in-class Potential Asset		0	ATG-031 - CD24 monoclonal antibody			
Cash Reserve		RMB 918 mm (immediately prior to IPO)	RMB 2,151 mm*			
Market Cap		USD 1,549 mm	USD 356 mm			

# The Antengene Pipeline Includes Multiple Novel Immuno-oncology and Targeted Products - Allowing Broad Proprietary Combinations



#### **ANTENGENE**





## APAC Rights Assets: Pipeline of Commercial or Near NDA Stage Drugs with First-in-Class/Best-in-Class Potentials



#### **ANTENGENE**

Assets	Target (Modality)	Indication	Pre-clinical	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III/Pivotal	NDA	Commercialization	Antengene Rights	Partner	
			Combo with dexamethasone (	(MARCH)			Mainl	and China NDA approved			
			Combo with dexamethasone (	(STORM) - Partner's Piv	otal Trial in the US		US, EU, SK, SG	, AU & TW NDA approved			
		R/R Multiple Myeloma	Combo with bortezomib and d	examethasone <i>(BENCF</i>	<del>1</del> )	*					
			Combo with bortezomib and d	examethasone <i>(BOSTC</i>	ON) - Partner's Pivotal Tr	rial in the US	US, EU, SG,	AU & TW sNDA approved			
			Combo with IMID/PI/CD38 mA	b and dexamethasone	(STOMP)					<b>3</b> Karyopharm Therapeutics	
ATG-010¹ (Selinexor)	XPO1 (Small molecule)		Monotherapy (SEARCH)			*			APAC <sup>2</sup>		
		R/R Diffuse Large B-cell Lymphoma	Monotherapy <i>(SADAL) - Partner's Pivotal Trial in the US</i>		US , SG, SK & TW sNDA approved		APAC <sup>2</sup>	ANTENGENE			
			Combo with R-GDP (DLBCL-03)	0)	*					ANTENGENE	
			R/R NHL	Combo with lenalidomide + rit	uximab <i>(SWATCH)</i>						
			R/R T-cell & NK-cell Lymphoma	Combo with ICE/GemOx/tisleli	zumab <i>(TOUCH)</i>	with 💆 BeiGe	ene				
		Myelofibrosis	Combo with ruxolitinib (MF-03	24)							
ATG-016 (Eltanexor)	XPO1 (Small molecule)	R/R MDS	Monotherapy <i>(HATCH)</i>								
ATG-008 (Onatasertib)	mTORC1/2 (Small molecule)	Cervical Cancer and Other Advanced Solid Tumors	Combo with toripalimab (TORG	CH-2)*	w	ith 君实生物 TopAlliance				Celgene  (III) Bristol Myers Squibt Company	
		R/R Diffuse Large B-cell Lymphoma	Combo with ATG-010 <i>(MATCH)</i>						APAC <sup>3</sup>	ANTENGENE	

In addition, for ATG-010 (selinexor), 12 Investigator Initiated Trials (IITs) are ongoing across China and the APAC regions covering both hematological malignancies and solid tumors

<sup>1 (</sup>s)NDA approved by US FDA, China NMPA, Australia TGA, South Korea MFDS and Singapore HSA; China Hong Kong and China Taiwan NDA submissions are completed;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Antengene has rights for Greater China (Mainland China, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Macau), Australia, New Zealand, South Korea, and the ASEAN Countries;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Antengene has rights for Greater China, South Korea, Singapore, Malaysia, Indonesia, Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia, the Philippines, Thailand and Mongolia;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Most advanced trial status in Antengene territories and the trials are responsible by Antengene; <sup>5</sup> Most advanced trial status in partner territories in the rest of the world and the trials are conducted by our licensing partners

<sup>\*</sup>Investigator-initiated trials; R/R: relapsed/refractory; ND: newly diagnosed; MDS: myelodysplastic syndrome; CRC: colorectal cancer; PrC: prostate cancer; CAEBV: chronic active Epstein-Barr virus; NHL: non-Hodgkin lymphoma; Hem/Onc: hematological malignancies and solid tumors; R-GDP: Rituximab, Gemcitabine, Dexamethasone &Cisplatin;

## Global Rights Assets: A Clinical Stage Pipeline with Transformational Potentials



#### **ANTENGENE**

Assets	Target (Modality)	Hits Discovery	Lead Nomination	<i>In vitro</i> efficacy	<i>In vivo</i> efficacy	CMC/Tox	IND	Phase I	Antengene Rights	Partner
ATG-017 (Tizaterkib) <sup>1</sup>	ERK1/2 (Small molecule)	Monotherapy <u>+</u> nivo	lumab for R/R Hem/On	c (ERASER)				with હ <sup>ાં</sup> Bristol Myers Squibl	5'	
ATG-101 <sup>2</sup>	PD-L1/4-1BB (Bispecific)	Monotherapy for He	em/Onc ( <i>PROBE &amp; PROE</i>	BE-CN)						
ATG-037 <sup>3</sup>	CD73 (Small molecule)	Monotherapy <u>+</u> pen	nbrolizumab for Hem/O	nc (STAMINA)				with MERCK		
ATG-018	ATR (Small molecule)	Monotherapy for He	em/Onc (ATRIUM)						Global	ANTENGENE
ATG-022	Claudin 18.2 (ADC)	Monotherapy for Or	nc (CLINCH)							
ATG-031	<b>CD24</b> (mAb)	Monotherapy for He	em/Onc (PERFORM)							

Antengene Trials

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Licensed from AstraZeneca and Antengene has obtained exclusive global rights to develop, commercialize and manufacture ATG-017 (Tizaterkib);

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Licensed from Origincell and Antengene has obtained exclusive global rights to develop, commercialize and manufacture ATG-101;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Licensed from Calithera Biosciences and Antengene has obtained exclusive global rights to develop, commercialize and manufacture ATG-037

<sup>\*</sup>ATG-037 IND equivalent in Australia = institutional scientific and ethics review before governmental notification Hem/Onc = hematological malignancies and solid tumors

## ATG-010 (Selinexor): Encouraging Preliminary Week 24 Data from Evaluable Patients Across Key Efficacy Endpoints from Phase I/II Study (XPORT-MF-034)



A Global Phase I/II Multicenter Open-label Study to Evaluate the Safety and Efficacy of Selinexor Plus Ruxolitinib in Treatment Naïve Myelofibrosis Patients





## Spleen Responses (SVR35)

- **92**% of evaluable patients (11/12) achieved SVR35 at week 24
- **100**% of evaluable patients (12/12) achieved SVR35 at anytime

# Rapid Reduction in Total Symptom Scores (TSS)

■ **67**% of evaluable patients (4/6) achieved TSS50 at week 24

## Positive Impacts on Hemoglobin Levels

■ **57**% of patients (13/23) maintained stable hemoglobin (± 2g/dL) or improved hemoglobin level (>2g/dL, increase) at last follow up

### **Safety and Tolerability**

- Most common TEAE (n=24): Nausea, anemia, and fatigue (majority Grade 1-2)
- Most common Grade ≥3 TEAEs: thrombocytopenia (21%) and anemia (38%)

Additional Updates in AACR 2023 - Abstract # CT261; April 18th, 2023, 1:30 pm - 5:00 pm ET



Preliminary TSS50 analysis only includes patients who filled out all their symptom evaluation forms (n=6); other 6 patients who were evaluable for SVR analysis remained on therapy. Based on symptom scores collected from patients' medical charts, an updated TSS50 analysis will be presented at a future medical congress in 1H 2023. The safety and efficacy of selinexor in myelofibrosis has not been established and has not been approved by the US FDA or any regulatory authority.

### ATG-008 (Onatasertib): A Novel Second Generation mTORC1/2 Inhibitor

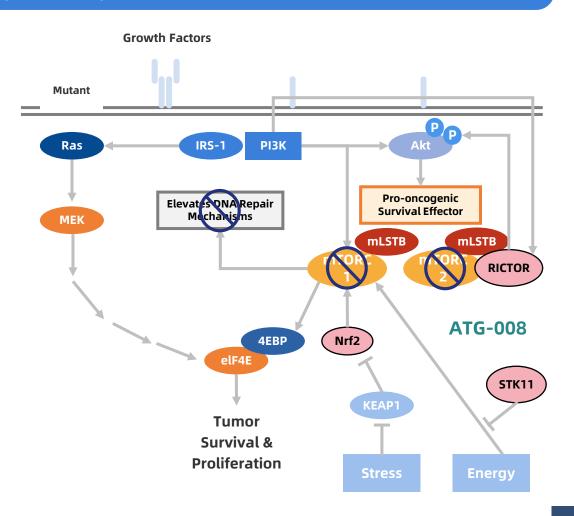


#### **Summary of ATG-008 (Onatasertib)**

- Mammalian target of rapamycin (mTOR), a core component of two structurally distinct protein complexes (mTORC1 and mTORC2), regulates different cellular processes and is upregulated in multiple types of tumors
- When mTORC1 is inhibited, mTORC2 is upregulated. This increase in mTORC2 activity generates a surplus of phosphorylated PKB/AKT which, despite mTORC1 inhibition, inhibits apoptosis and promotes cell proliferation via alternative pathways
- mTORC1 and mTORC2 has to be inhibited simultaneously for good anti-tumor efficacy

#### First- and Best-in-Class Potential

- Second generation mTOR inhibitor, targeting both TORC1 and TORC2
- Demonstrated comprehensive mTOR inhibition, which could minimize development of resistance due to mTORC2 upregulation
- Encouraging initial clinical data in combination with anti-PD-1 mAb in the treatment of relapsed or metastatic cervical cancer



### **Encouraging Data Readout of ATG-008 (Onatasertib) in "TORCH-2" Trial**



#### **Encouraging Data in Advanced Cervical Cancer**

ATG-008 (mTORC1/2i) in combination with toripalimab (anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody)

Overall Response Rate (ORR)

**52.4**%

among all patients (11/21)

Overall Response Rate (ORR)

55.0%

efficacy evaluable population (11/20)

Overall Response Rate (ORR)

77.8%

among PD-L1+ patients (7/9)

**Median Duration of Response** 

9.7 Months

among all patients (11/21)

**Longest Treatment Duration** 

**850 Days** 

among all patients (11/21)

**Generally Well Tolerated** 

**Huge Unmet Medical Needs in Advanced Cervical Cancer** 

297,000+

Cervical Cancer Patients in China

109,000+

New Cervical Cancer
Cases in China Each Year

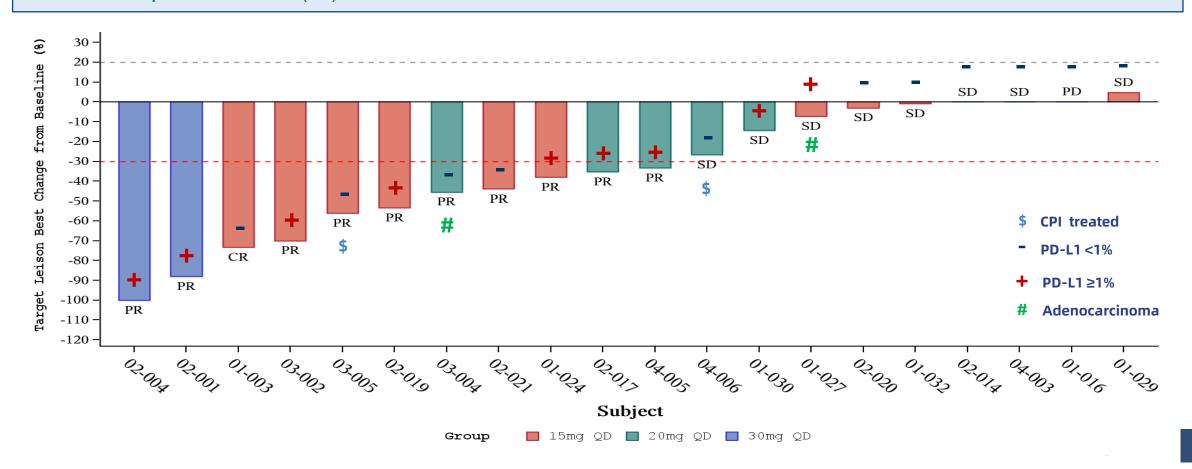
**2023 Catalyst: Confirm Regulatory Pathway** 

## ATG-008 (Onatasertib): Deep Responses Observed in ATG-008 & Toripalimab Combination Treated Cervical Cancer Patients of "TORCH-2" Study



#### Preliminary Efficacy (as of October 21st, 2022)

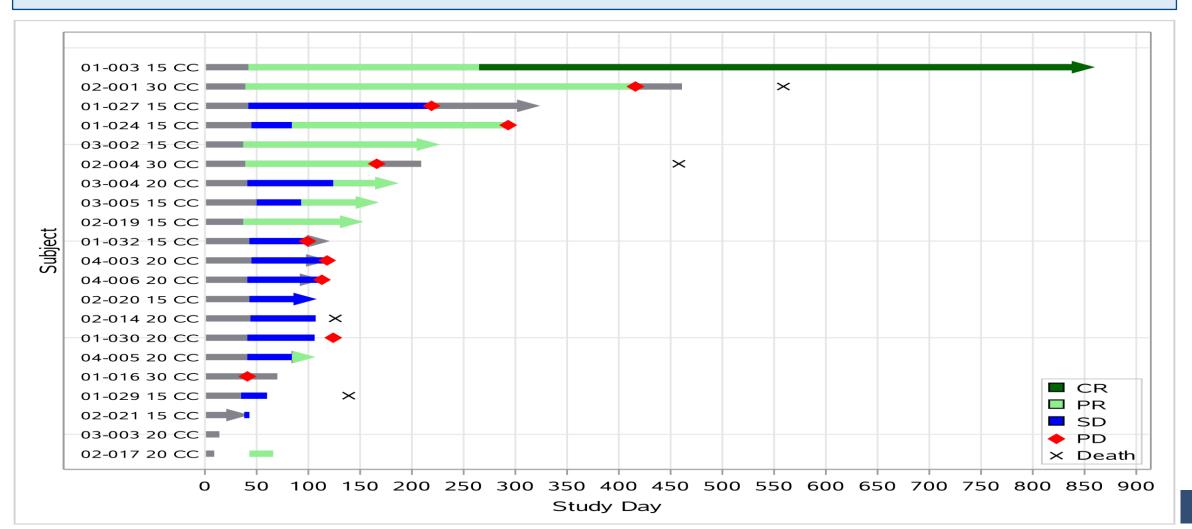
- **21 patients** received treatment
- ORR is **52.4**% (ITT,11/21)
  - Efficacy Evaluable Population: ORR 55% (11/20)
  - **PD-L1+ Population: ORR 77.8%** (7/9)



## ATG-008 (Onatasertib): Durable Responses Observed in ATG-008 & Toripalimab Combination Treated Cervical Cancer Patients of "TORCH-2" Study



- The Median Duration of Response (mDOR) is 9.7 months
- The Longest Treatment Duration is **850 days (Ongoing CR)** of Patient 01-003, Currently on ATG-008 Single Agent Treatment



## ATG-008 (Onatasertib): Summary of Adverse Events of "TORCH-2" Study



#### Preliminary Results (as of October 21st, 2022)

- The most common grade ≥ 3 TEAEs included:
  - Lymphocyte count decreased (19.0%)
  - Rash (14.3%)
  - Hyperglycemia (9.5%)

Data Cut-off Date: 21st October, 2022	15 mg QD (N=10) n (%)	20 mg QD (N=8) n (%)	30 mg QD (N=3) n (%)	Total (N=21) n (%)
Subjects with at least one TEAE	9 (90.0)	8 (100)	3 (100)	20 (100)
Serious TEAE	2 (20.0)	2 (25.0)	2 (66.7)	6 (28.6)
Grade 3 or 4 TEAE	6 (60.0)	6 (75.0)	3 (100)	15 (71.4)
TEAE Leading to Dose Modification	5 (50.0)	6 (75.0)	2 (66.7)	13 (61.9)
TEAE leading to ATG-008 Dose Modification	5 (50.0)	6 (75.0)	2 (66.7)	13 (61.9)
<ul> <li>TEAE leading to Toripalimab Dose Modification</li> </ul>	3 (30.0)	3 (37.5)	0	6 (28.6)
TEAE Leading to Dose Reduction	0	1 (12.5)	2 (66.7)	3 (14.3)
TEAE leading to ATG-008 Dose Reduction	0	1 (12.5)	2 (66.7)	3 (14.3)
TEAE leading to Toripalimab Dose Reduction	0	0	0	0
TEAE Leading to Dose Interruption	5 (50.0)	5 (62.5)	1 (33.3)	11 (52.4)
TEAE leading to ATG-008 Dose Interruption	5 (50.0)	5 (62.5)	1 (33.3)	11 (52.4)
<ul> <li>TEAE leading to Toripalimab Dose Interruption</li> </ul>	3 (30.0)	3 (37.5)	0	28.6
<b>TEAE Leading to Treatment Discontinuation</b>	0	1 (12.5)	0	1 (4.8)
TEAE Leading to Death	0	0	0	0

## ATG-008 (Onatasertib) In Combination with Toripalimab (PD-1 mAb)

Potential Best-in-Class Treatment for 2L+ Cervical Cancer as Demonstrated in "TORCH-2"

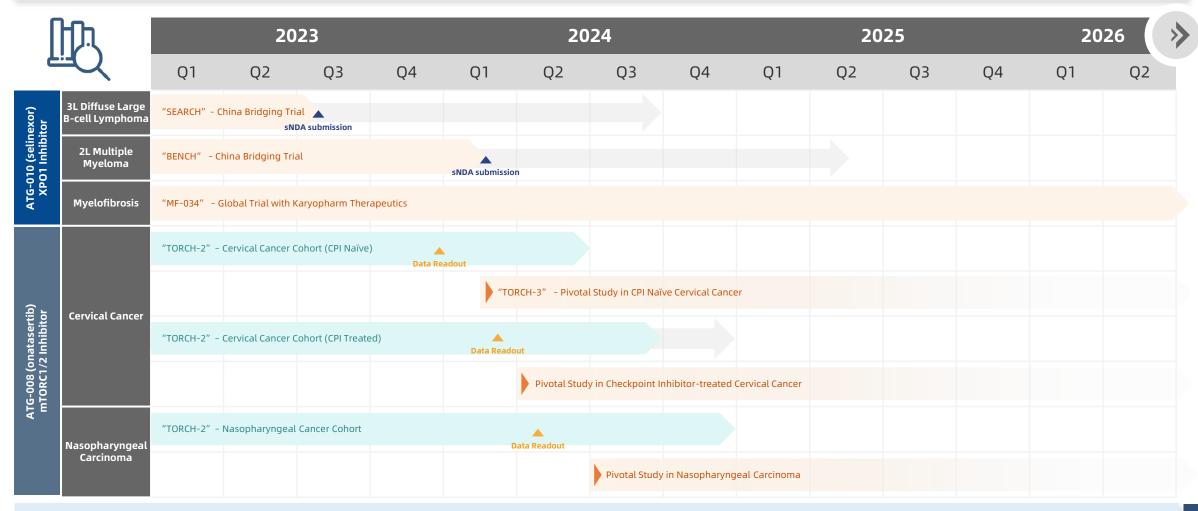


	ATG 008 + Toripalimab (Data from "TORCH-2")	Pembrolizumab (Global Standard of Care)	AK104 (Only CPI Approved by CDE)	Sintilimab + Anlotinib	
Mechanism of Action (MoA)	mTORC 1/2i + PD-1 mAb	PD-1 mAb	PD-1/CTLA-4 BsAb	PD-1 mAb + VEGFRi	
Number of Patients	21 (ITT)	98 (ITT)	100 (FAS, ITT 111)	39 (EE, ITT 42)	
Prior Treatment Lines	≤2 (52.4%); ≥ <b>3 (47.6%)</b>	≤2 (69.4%); ≥3 (30.6%)	≤2 (100%)	≤2 (78.6%); ≥3 (21.4%)	
PD-L1	N, TPS≥1% (42.8%)	N, CPS≥1 (83.7%)	N	Y, CPS≥1 (100%)	
ORR	52.4%; <b>77.8% (TPS≥1%)</b>	12.2%	33%	59%	
DCR	94.4%	30.6%	52%	94.9%	
PFS (months)	5.45; 9.63 (15 mg cohort)	2.1	3.75	9.4	
OS (months)	NE	9.4	17.5	NE	
Response in CPI treated	1/2	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Response in AdCa	1/2	1/5	NE	0/6	

### **APAC Rights Assets: Poised to Advance in Additional Pivotal Studies**



### Broad Indication Expansion Potential for ATG-010 and Potential Registrational Pathway for ATG-008



## Global Rights Pipeline Comprised of Clinical Stage Assets with First and/or Best-in-Class Potential

2022



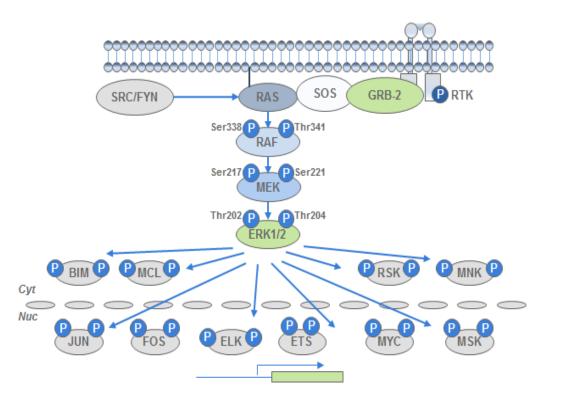
							ANTENGLINE
		ATG-017 (Tizaterkib)	ATG-101	ATG-037	ATG-018	ATG-022	ATG-031
Targ	rget	ERK1/2	PD-L1/4-1BB	CD73	ATR	Claudin 18.2	CD24
Moda	ality	Small Molecule	Bispecific Antibody	Small Molecule	Small Molecule	ADC	Monoclonal Antibody
Indica	ation	<ul> <li>RASM NSCLC, Pancreatic cancer, CRC, and Melanoma</li> <li>I/O combinations</li> <li>United Bristol Myers Squibb OPDIO (nivolumab)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Re-sensitize prior CPI responders (NSCLC, SCLC, GI, H/N SCC, melanoma)</li> <li>Disease with previously limited CPI activity</li> <li>Multiple combination opportunities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Monotherapy where immune suppressed TME is critical</li> <li>Broad opportunities both as monotherapy and combination with existing / future I/O</li> <li>MERCK KEYTRUDA (pembrolizumab)</li> </ul>	Hematological Malignancies / Solid Tumors	Solid Tumors	Hematological Malignancies / Solid Tumors
Differen	entiation	<ul> <li>Higher potency and dual IoC and PoA activity with slow off-rate kinetics</li> <li>Lower efficacious dose with a higher max absorbable dose/dose ratio</li> <li>Broad therapeutic potential (targeting RAS/MAPK pathway)</li> <li>Multiple combination opportunities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ PD-L1 cross-linking dependent activation of 4-1BB to avoid unwanted 4-1BB signaling in normal tissue and minimize risk of hepatotoxicity</li> <li>✓ Demonstrated significant antitumor activity in animal models of resistant tumors as well as those that progressed on anti-PD-1/L1 treatment</li> <li>✓ Displayed an excellent safety profile in GLP toxicology studies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Orally bioavailable small molecule that completely overcomes 'hook effect' common in other anti-CD73 antibodies</li> <li>Tissue penetrance not achievable with mAbs</li> <li>Promising preclinical efficacy as a monotherapy and strong combination potential</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Better <i>in vivo</i> efficacy compared with benchmark in preclinical CDX tumor models</li> <li>✓ Orally available</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ High affinity antibody (pM); Strong in vivo efficacy pre-clinically in Claudin 18.2 low expression PDX models</li> <li>✓ Demonstrated an excellent safety profile in GLP toxicology studies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ No clinical competitor</li> <li>✓ Showed monotherapy in vivo</li> </ul>
Stat	atus	Phase I clinical trial <b>"ERASER</b> " ongoing in Australia and US; Dose expansion and combo with nivolumab to initiate enrollment soon	Phase I clinical trial "PROBE" ongoing in Australia and US; "PROBE-CN" ongoing in China; US FDA granted an orphan drug designation for the treatment of pancreatic cancer in September	Phase I clinical trial "STAMINA" ongoing in Australia, and China for monotherapy and combo with pembrolizumab	Phase I clinical trial <b>"ATRIUM"</b> ongoing in Australia	Phase I clinical trial "CLINCH" ongoing in Australia; Obtained China NMPA IND approval in March 2023	IND submission in H1 2023 for " <b>PERFORM</b> "

### ATG-017 (Tizaterkib): Potentially Best-in-Class ERK1/2 Inhibitor



#### **Summary of ATG-017 (Tizaterkib)**

 ERK1/2: RAS/MAPK signaling pathway drives cell survival and proliferation; dysfunction in the signaling pathway is a major trigger for the development of most cancer types



#### **Best-in-Class Potential**

■ Potent and selective small molecule extracellular signal-regulated kinases 1 and 2 (ERK1/2) inhibitor with best-in-class potential

#### **Leading in Clinical Development**

- First-in-human Phase I trial investigating safety and preliminary efficacy among patients with solid tumors and hematological malignancies
- Currently in the 6<sup>th</sup> cohort of monotherapy continuous dosing in solid tumors of the Phase I "ERASER" trial
- Preliminary efficacy observed in current monotherapy dose escalation study
- Combo cohort with Nivolumab planned for early 2023

#### **Broad Therapeutic Potential in Cancer**

- Great clinical potential as a monotherapy or combination in multiple solid tumors and hematological malignancies that harbor activating alterations in the RAS-MAPK pathway
  - E.g. RASm NSCLC, Pancreatic, CRC, and Melanoma

## ATG-101 Has the Potential to Optimize PD-L1 Antagonism and Tumor-specific 4-1BB Agonism



- Efficacy of PD-1/PD-L1 targeting is **well-demonstrated over the past decade**
- 4-1BB is a T cell co-stimulatory receptor, the benefits of which have yet to be realized in the clinic
- The concept of PD-L1×4-1BB bispecific antibody like ATG-101 has demonstrated promising activity in early clinical trials with an acceptable safety profile (GEN1046, NCT03917381)
- Novel design of ATG-101: high affinity of PD-L1 and conditional activation of 4-1BB, results in 4-1BB agonist activity only when crosslinked by PD-L1-positive tumor cells
- Biodistribution murine model confirms PD-L1 drug localization<sup>1</sup>

## **Complementary Mechanism** "Releasing the Brakes" of PD-L1/4-1BB PD-L1<sup>+</sup> cell Cancer T cell "Stepping on the Accelerator" 4-1BB T cell $\oplus \oplus \oplus$ Strong T cell activation NK

#### **Excellent Safety Profile**

- High affinity of PD-L1 and conditional activation of 4-1BB results in 4-1BB agonist activity only when crosslinked by PD-L1-positive tumor cells, reducing risk of 4-1BB related liver toxicity
  - No liver toxicity observed in GLP toxicology study in cynomolgus monkeys with dose up to 100 mg/kg

#### **Broad Therapeutic Potential in Cancer**

- Demonstrated potent in vivo efficacy in anti-PD-1/PD-L1 resistant and relapsed mouse tumor models
- Activates exhausted T cells in vitro, suggesting a potential in reversing T cell dysfunction and exhaustion
- Increases the infiltration, proliferation and activation of CD8+ T cells and the infiltration of Natural Killer T cells in the tumor microenvironment, thus rendering "cold" tumors "hot"

Source: 1. Prof Andrew Scott, ONJCRI, 2022

## ATG-037: Orally Available Small Molecule Inhibitor of CD73 with Best-in-Class Potential

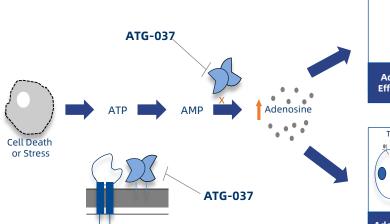


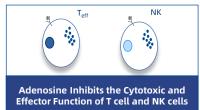
#### **Summary of ATG-037**

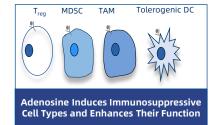
■ Functions to inhibit CD73 – the ecto-5′-nocleotidase that catalyzes the conversion of AMP to adenosine, a key immune suppressive molecule in the tumor microenvironment

#### **Best-in-Class Potential**

- Completely blocks CD73 activity and overcomes "hook effect" commonly seen in anti-CD73 antibodies
- Promising pre-clinical efficacy as monotherapy or in combination with standard of care (SoC) in both solid and liquid tumors
- Rescues T-cell functions in high AMP conditions





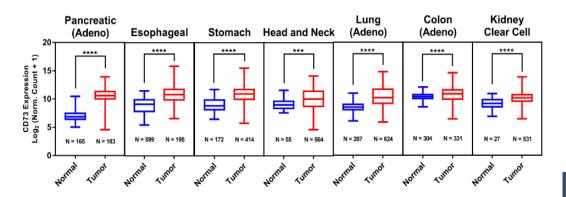


#### **Excellent Safety Profile**

- No ATG-037 related toxicity identified in GLP toxicology studies
  - Potential large therapeutic window
- **No inhibition** of CD39 and other related targets (up to 10 mM)

#### **Broad Therapeutic Potential in Multiple Tumor Types**

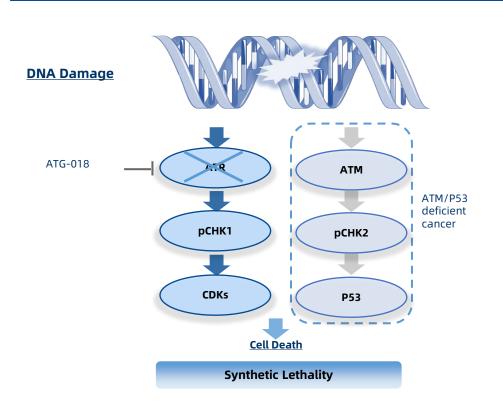
 Pancreatic, esophageal, gastric, non-small cell lung, colorectal, prostate, head and neck etc.

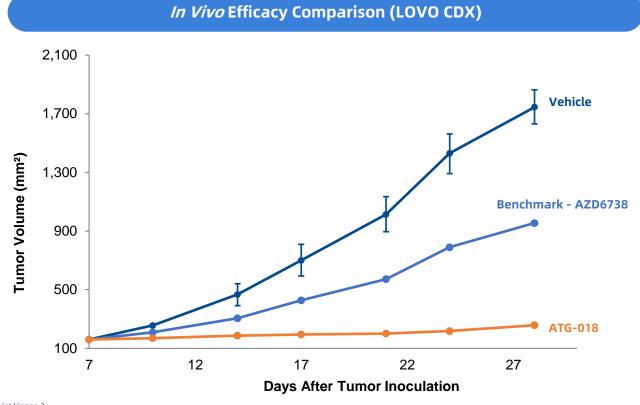


## ATG-018 is an Oral and Highly Selective Small Molecule Inhibitor of ATR that may Improve on Benchmark ATR Inhibitors



- Many patients with malignant tumors carry genetic alternations which correlate with functional loss or deregulation of key DDR proteins, most notably p53 and ATM
- These tumors **extensively rely on ATR** for DNA repair
- ATG-018 can inhibit DNA damage repair, release tumor cells from cell cycle arrest and induce synthetic lethality in ATM/p53-deficient tumor cells
- ATG-018 Demonstrated superior in vivo efficacy, compared with clinical benchmark in pre-clinical CDX models





## ATG-022: An Anti-Claudin 18.2 ADC with Potent *In Vivo* Efficacy in Claudin 18.2 Very Low-Expression Tumors



#### **Summary of ATG-022**

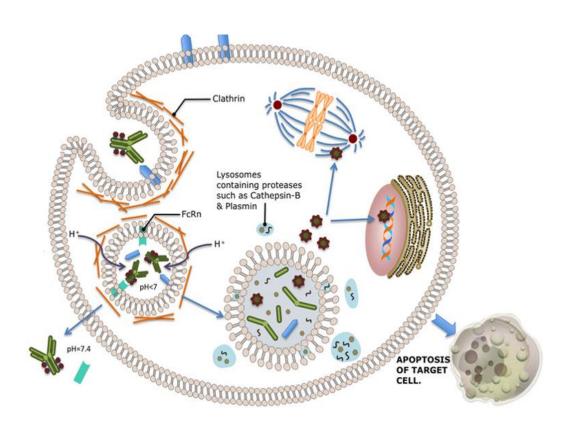
- Claudin 18.2 is a tumor-associated antigen overexpressed particularly in gastric, esophageal and pancreatic cancers, occasionally in other tumors including lung, ovarian, and head & neck malignancies
- Clinical ADC candidate with vc-MMAE as linker payload (DAR4)

#### **Best-in-Class Potential**

- High affinity antibody (pM grade) against Claudin 18.2 allows targeting of patients with low expression of Claudin 18.2
- Strong in vivo efficacy pre-clinically in PDX models with various Claudin 18.2 expression levels, including in tumors with extremely low Claudin 18.2 expression

#### **Excellent Safety Profile**

- Demonstrated an excellent safety profile in GLP toxicology studies
  - Induced complete tumor regression (tumor-free) in pre-clinical PDX model without affecting the body weight of the animal
- Displayed high specificity in Retrogenix's Cell Microarray Technology Experiment
  - ATG-022 mAb specifically interacted with Claudin 18.2, the primary target, on both fixed and live cells



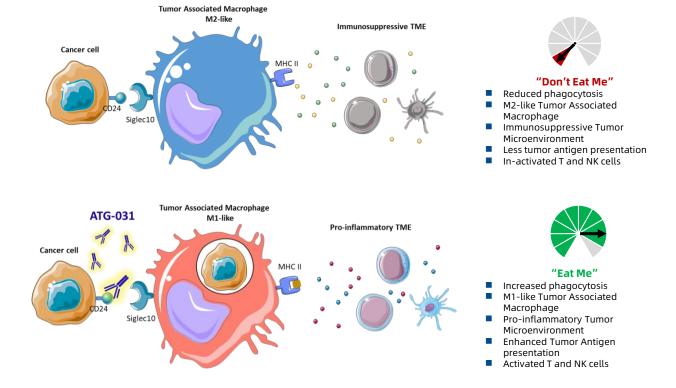
Christina Peters, Stuart Brown Antibody-drug conjugates as novel anti-cancer chemotherapeutics

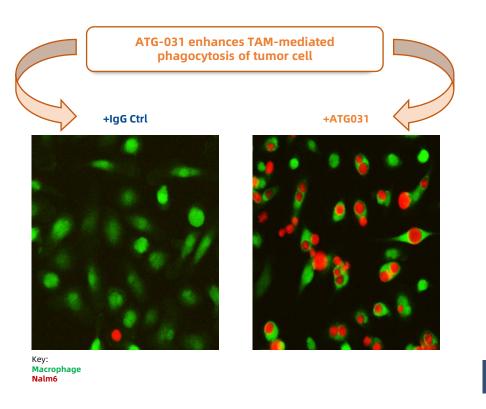
## ATG-031: First-in-Class CD24 Antibody to Inhibit the "Don't Eat Me" Signal



#### **Summary of ATG-031**

- CD24 is a novel "don't eat me" target not expressed in healthy erythrocytes, thus potentially overcoming the anemia issues commonly seen in CD47
- First-in-class humanized CD24 mAb inhibits the "don't eat me" signal by blocking CD24-Siglec10 pathway and enhances macrophage-mediated phagocytosis of cancer cells
- CDx antibody successfully developed in-house for patient selection
- Potent single agent in vivo efficacy and synergy with chemotherapy or CPI

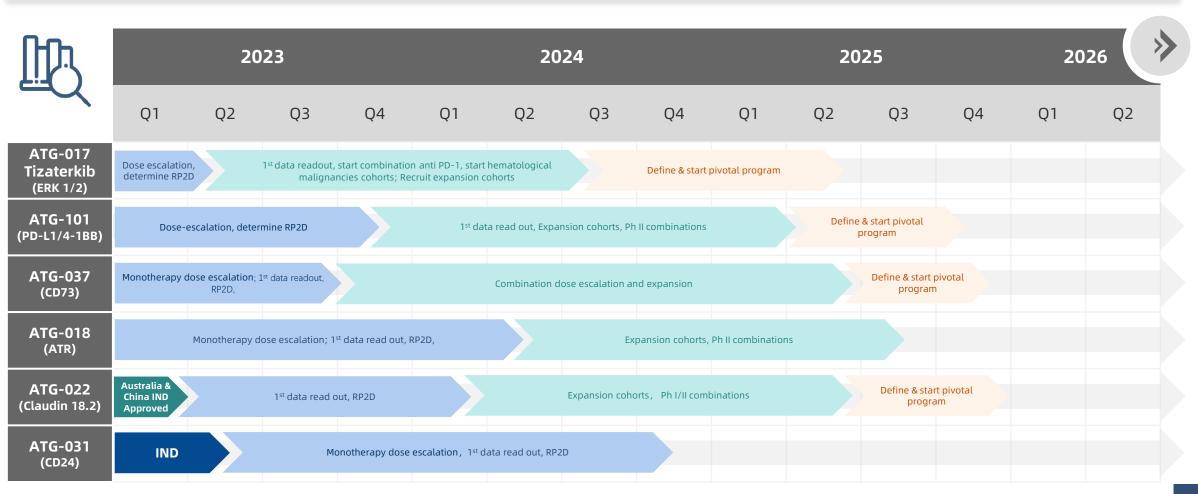




## Global Rights Assets: Clinical Development Timeline Spanning 2023 to 2025 Encompassing a Series of Clinical Data Readouts



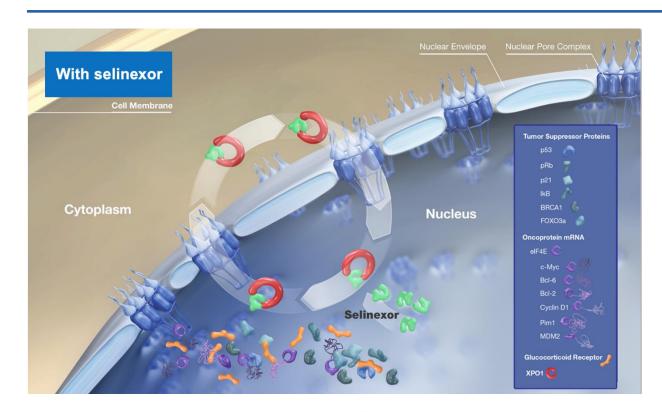
#### Early data on safety, PK, PD through 2023 with ATG-017 (Tizaterkib), ATG-101 and ATG-037





## ATG-010 (Selinexor) - First-in-class and Only-in-class SINE Compound with Unique MoA and Differentiated Profile





### **Key Highlights**

- 1<sup>st</sup> and only XPO1 inhibitor approved by FDA for treating R/R MM and R/R DLBCL
- 1<sup>st</sup> and only FDA-approved drug for the treatment of both R/R MM and R/R DLBCL
- Only single-agent, oral therapy approved by the FDA to treat R/R DLBCL
- Recommended by NCCN and CSCO guidelines for R/R MM and R/R DLBCL treatment



### **Synergy with Antengene Pipeline Assets**

- SINE + mTORi
  - Selinexor + ATG-008 in diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (MATCH)

■ SINE + I/O:

Selinexor + ATG-101 in solid tumors and lymphoma

### **XPOVIO® Commercialization in Mainland China and the APAC Regions**

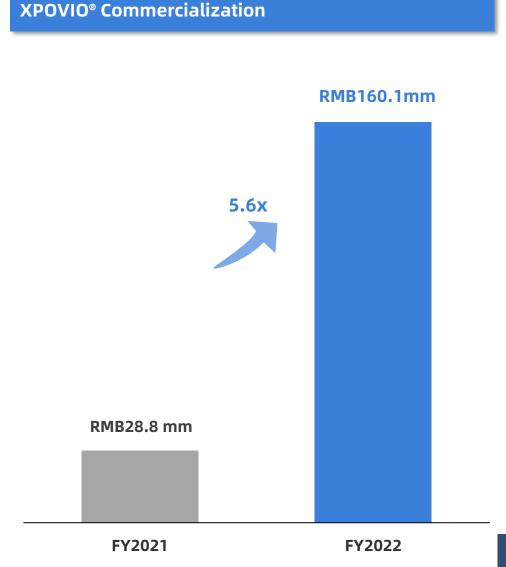
Indonesia



#### **Regulatory Achievements Approved in Mainland China Commercial Launch** December 14th, 2021 **May 2022 Xd Regimen Reimbursement Listing Approved in Australia** September 2022 March 9th, 2022 **XVd Regimen PBAC Recommendation** for Reimbursement Listing **November 2022 Expected XVd Regimen Reimbursement Listing** H<sub>1</sub> 2023 **Approved in South Korea Expected Reimbursement Listing** July 30<sup>th</sup>, 2021 **Q4 2023 Approved in Taiwan Expected Reimbursement Listing** TW October 21st, 2022 **Q1 2024 Approved in Singapore Expected Cancer Drug List Inclusion** March 1st, 2022 H<sub>2</sub> 2023 **Expansion into Stage II ASEAN Markets NDA** To-be **Submissions Submitted**

**Thailand** 

Malaysia



### **ASEAN NDA Schedule**









### **Expected Approval in Malaysia** H2 2024

- rrMM XPOVIO® in combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone (XVd)
- rrMM XPOVIO® in combination with dexamethasone (Xd)
- rrDLBCL XPOVIO® as monotherapy (X)

**NDA Submission Dec 2022** 

> **NDA Approval** H<sub>2</sub> 2024

**Commercial Launch** H2 2024





### **Expected Approval in Thailand** H2 2024

- rrMM XPOVIO® in combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone (XVd)
- rrMM XPOVIO® in combination with dexamethasone (Xd)
- rrDLBCL XPOVIO® as monotherapy (X)

**NDA Submission** 

**Dec 2022** 

**NDA Approval** H<sub>2</sub> 2024

**Commercial Launch** H2 2024



### **Expected Approval in Indonesia** H2 2024

- rrMM XPOVIO® in combination with bortezomib and dexamethasone (XVd)
- rrMM XPOVIO® in combination with dexamethasone (Xd)
- rrDLBCL XPOVIO® as monotherapy (X)

**NDA Submission** H1 2023

> **NDA Approval** H2 2024

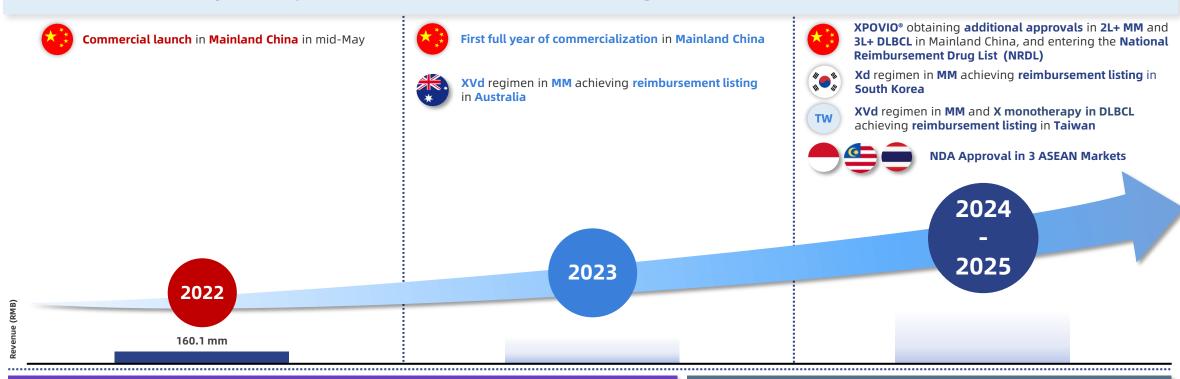
**Commercial Launch** H2 2024



## **Driving XPOVIO® Growth in 2023 and Beyond**



### Multiple Catalysts Across China and APAC as Building Blocks for Continuous Revenue Growth



Indication Expansion Potential of XPOVIO® in Treatment Naïve Myelofibrosis in Combination with Jakafi® (ruxolitinib)

Data from Phase I "XPORT-MF-034" Study - ASH 2022 Annual Meeting

ng S



**92**%

Evaluable patients (11/12) achieved SVR35 in week 24 100%

Evaluable patients (12/12) achieved SVR35 **67**%

Evaluable patients (4/6) achieved TSS50 in week 24 **57**%

Patients (13/23) maintained stable or improved hemoglobin levels at last follow up



Additional Updates in AACR 2023 (Abstract # CT261; April 18th) Significant Unmet Medical Needs in Myelofibrosis in Our Regions

21,300+

New Cases in China and APAC Each Year 74,300+

**Patients in China and APAC** 

## Clinical Benefits Validated by Selinexor's Completed and Ongoing Studies in Multiple Myeloma and DLBCL



#### **ANTENGENE**



### **BOSTON**

(SVd)

#### Selinexor Dosage: 100mg QW

- 1-3 prior therapies
- ORR: 76% (SVd) vs. 62% (Vd)
- CR rate: 17% (SVd) vs. 10% (Vd)
- mPFS: 13.93 mos (SVd) vs. 9.46 mos (Vd)
- mDOR: 20.3 mos (SVd) vs. 12.9 mos (Vd)
- Improved efficacy achieved when receiving 40% less bortezomib and 25% less dexamethasone

### **STOMP**

(SVd/SPd/SRd/SKd/etc.)

- 11 combinations
- ORR (study arm vs, benchmark data):
  - SKd: **78%** vs. 23% (Kd)
  - SDd: **73%** vs. 29% (D)
  - SPd: 65% (pts dosed at RP2D) vs.
     29% (Pd)
  - SRd: 92% vs. 67% (Rd)

### **STORM**

(Sd)

#### Selinexor Dosage: 80mg BIW

- mOS (≥MR): 15.6 mos
- Penta refractory (median # of prior therapies: 8)
  - ORR: 25%
- mPFS: 3.7 mos
- mOS: 8.6 mos

### SADAL

(5)

#### Selinexor Dosage: 60mg BIW

- 2-5 prior lines
- ORR: **29**%
- CR rate: 13%
- mDOR: 9.3 mos
- mOS: 9.0 mos
- mOS (≥MR): Not reached
- mOS (SD): 18.3 mos

**FDA Approved** 

**FDA Approved** 

**FDA Approved** 





Diffuse Large B-cell Lymphoma



Source: Dimopoulos M, et al. ASCO 2020. Abstract 8510; Gasparetto C, et al. ASH 2020. Abstract 1366; Gasparetto C, et al. ASH 2020. Abstract 1366; Gasparetto C, et al. ASH 2020. Abstract 1366; Gasparetto C, et al. ASH 2020. Abstract 1363, 'Klyric (Part 2) in Part 2020. Abstract 1366; Gasparetto C, et al. ASH 2020. Abstract 1363, 'Klyric (Part 2) in Part 2020. Abstract 1363, 'Klyric (Part 2) in Part 2020. Abstract 1363, 'Klyric (Part 2) in Part 2020. Abstract 1361, 'Charl 2020. Abstract 1362, 'Charl 2020. Abstract 1363, 'Klyric (Part 2) in Part 2020. Abstract 1361, 'Charl 2020. Abstract 1362, 'Charl 2020. Abstra

## Multiple Selinexor Containing Regimens Recommended by NCCN, ESMO, CSCO, and CMDA-CMA Guidelines









#### 1-3 Prior Therapies

- SVd OW
- SDd
- SPd
- SKd
- > 3 Prior Therapies (whose disease is refractory to at Least Two Pls, IMIDs, and an anti-CD38 mAb)
- Sd

#### **Diffuse Large B-cell Lymphoma**

3L+ (including patients with disease progression after transplant or CAR T-cell therapy)

S monotherapy



European Society for Medical Oncology

#### **Multiple Myeloma**

#### **2L Option After VRD**

- R sensitive (SVd)
- R refractory (SVd)
- V sensitive (SVd)

#### **2L Option After DaraRD**

- R sensitive (SVd)
- R refractory (SVd)

#### **2L Option After DaraVMP or DaraVTD**

V sensitive (SVd)

#### **Second or Subsequent Relapse**

- R refractory and PI sensitive (SVd)
- Triple-class refractory (Sd)



#### Multiple Myeloma

#### Relapsed/Refractory

- SVd Upgraded to Level 1 Recommendation
- SPd
- SDd
   SKd
   New Inclusions

#### **Diffuse Large B-cell Lymphoma**

#### Relapsed/Refractory

S monotherapy — upgraded to Level 2 Recommendation





Chinese Medical Doctor Association
Chinese Medical Association

#### **Multiple Myeloma**

#### Relapsed/Refractory

- SVd
- SPd New Inclusions
- SDd
- SKd

<sup>\*</sup>Some of the information in this presentation is from third-party studies and only provided to medical research professionals for academic purpose. Antengene is not responsible for the contents published by such external sources.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Approved for RRMM by the US FDA, European EMA, Chinese NMPA, Korean MFDS, Singaporean HSA, Australian TGA, and Taiwan TFDA. Approved for RRDLBCL by the US FDA, Korean MFDS, Singaporean HSA, and Taiwan TFDA. As of Nov 14, 2022.
\*\*\* Indications for Selinexor undergoing clinical trial / planned study include: PTCL, NKTL, AML, MDS, MF

## Dose Reduction can be Used to Manage Patients, while Optimizing Outcomes with PFS of 16.6 Months



#### The median dosage of XPOVIO in the BOSTON trial was 80 mg (range: 30-137 mg) taken once weekly<sup>1</sup>

#### Key efficacy endpoints for patients (N=195) with and without XPOVIO dose restrictions in the BOSTON trial<sup>2</sup>

	ITT Patient Population	Patients with Dose Reduction		
Patient population	N = 195	n=126		
% of ITT arm	100	65		
mPFS, mo	13.9 (95% CI: 11.7, NE)	16.6 (95% CI: 12.9, NE)		
ORR, %	76.4	81.7		
≥VGPR, %	44.6	51.6		
mDOR, mo 20.3 months (95% CI: 12.6, NE)		Not evaluable (95% CI: 13.8, NE)		

#### **Limitation of Subgroup Analyses:**

- This post hoc analysis was exploratory in nature, not included in the study objectives, and does not control for type 1 error
- This post hoc analysis was not powered or adjusted for multiplicity to assess PFS across other prespecified subgroups
- This post hoc analysis was underpowered to detect clinically meaningful differences in treatment effect

65% of patients in the XVd arm had an XPOVIO dose reduction (126/195 patients) vs 35% of those without a dose reduction (65/195 patients)<sup>2</sup>

Source: Karyopharm Investor Presentation dated December 8th, 2021

<sup>1.</sup> XPOVIO. Prescribing information. Karyopharm Therapeutics Inc; 2021. 2. Jagganath, et al. ASH 2021

<sup>\*</sup> Response was evaluable in 125 of 126 patients receiving a dose modification for selinexor and 66 of the 69 patients who did not receive a dose modification for selinexor. Overall response rate is the proportion of patients who achieve a partial response or better, before IRC-confirmed progressive disease or initiating a new MM treatment or crossover. CI=confidence interval, IRC=independent review committee; ITT=intent to treat; mDOR=median duration of response; mo=month; mPFS=median progression-free survival; NE=not evaluable; ORR=overall response rate; VGPR=very good partial response.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Some of the information in this presentation is from third-party studies and only provided to medical research professionals for academic purpose. Antengene is not responsible for the contents published by such external sources.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Approved for RRMIN by the US FDA, European EMA, Chinese NMPA, Korean MFDS, Singaporean HSA, and Taiwan TFDA. As of Nov 14, 2022.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Indications for Selinexor undergoing clinical trial / planned study include: PTCL, NKTL, AML, MDS, MF

# **XPOVIO Evolving into a Standard of Care with Dose and Schedule Redefined Over Time to Improve Efficacy and Patient Experience**



From the STORM trial to the BOSTON trial to the STOMP trial, XPOVIO dosing has been continually refined to help optimize the patient experience

**US FDA Approval Date: July 2019** 

**Ongoing/Completed** 

1<sup>st</sup> approval in MM Dose: 160mg (80 mg, twice weekly)

Dose: 100mg, once weekly

2<sup>nd</sup> approval in MM

**US FDA Approval Date: Dec 2020** 

Phase 1/2 study in MM Dose Range: 60-100mg, once weekly

 $\mathsf{Xd}$ **STORM** 

XVd **BOSTON**  SPd, SKd, SDd **STOMP** 

Phase 2b, single-arm, open-label, multi-center study

Phase 3, 2-arm, active comparatorcontrolled, open-label, multi-center study Phase 1/2, open-label, multi-center study

Patients with penta-refractory RRMM

After at least 1 prior therapy in MM

Patients with RRMM (dose escalation/expansion)

**Once Weekly** (previously twice weekly)

**Lower Dose** (previously a higher dose) **XPOVIO-based Triplets** 

(previously a doublet)

**Earlier Lines** (previously only in later lines)

**Supportive Care** (active symptom management)

Source: Karyopharm Investor Presentation dated February 8th, 2022

<sup>\*</sup> STOMP was designed to study selinexor in combination with other MOAs across multiple triplet and quadruplet regimens, including XVd. MM=multiple myeloma; MOA=mechanism of action; RRMM=relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Combinations other than XVd and Xd are not promoted by Karyopharm, but may be considered for future indication updates.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Combinations other than Xd are not promoted by Antengene, but may be considered for future indication updates

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Some of the information in this presentation is from third-party studies and only provided to medical research professionals for academic purpose. Antengene is not responsible for the contents published by such external sources.

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# Broad and Deep Potential for Selinexor / SINE Beyond Multiple Myeloma



Incidence / Prevalence China (APAC) 19,600 / 68,600 (1,900) / (8,740)	MF	Global Pivotal Study Ongoing
49,000 / 57,937 (3,100) / (9,300)	MDS	Signal Detection Studies/IITs in Preparation in China
84,000 / 116,280 (3,200) / (3,520) (AML)	Leukemia	Signal Detection Studies/IITs in Preparation in China
86,000 / 204,910 (9,100) / (53,000)	Endometrial Cancer	<ol> <li>Global Study</li> <li>Partner in the US announced top-line results in Phase III Study</li> <li>Potentially first solid tumor indication for Selinexor</li> </ol>
50,585 84,463 (9,199) / (34,658) (DLBCL + TCL)	Lymphoma (i.e., DLBCL, TCL)	<ol> <li>Approved in the US for 3L DLBCL; pivotal study ongoing in China</li> <li>Recommended by NCCN and CSCO guidelines</li> <li>Multiple studies (SADAL, SEARCH, XPORT-030, SWATCH, TOUCH, RWD)</li> </ol>
21,000 / 54,800 (6,000) / (23,500)	Multiple Myeloma	<ol> <li>Approved in the US for 2L+ MM and approved in China for rrMM</li> <li>Recommended by NCCN, ESMO, CSCO, CMPA-CMA guidelines as 2L+ therapy</li> <li>Multiple studies (BOSTON, BENCH, STORM, STOMP, MARCH, RWD)</li> </ol>
Total: Total: 4	<del></del>	

Source: Antengene research

(32,499)

(132,718)

<sup>\*</sup> Investigator Initiated Trials (IIT)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Some of the information in this presentation is from third-party studies and only provided to medical research professionals for academic purpose. Antengene is not responsible for the contents published by such external sources.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Approved for RRMM by the US FDA, European EMA, Chinese NMPA, Korean MFDS, Singaporean HSA, Australian TGA, and Taiwan TFDA. Approved for RRDLBCL by the US FDA, Korean MFDS, Singaporean HSA, and Taiwan TFDA. As of Nov 14, 2022.

\*\*\*\* Indications for Selinexor undergoing clinical trial / planned study include: PTCL, NKTL, AML, MDS, MF

# **Antengene is Focused on Markets with Greatest Commercialization Potential**







Commercialization strategy focuses on selection of 6 core stage 1 markets defined by 3 parameters for success:

- High unmet need
- Reimbursed markets
- High GDP/capita



Initial focus is to build Antengene presence in the core markets



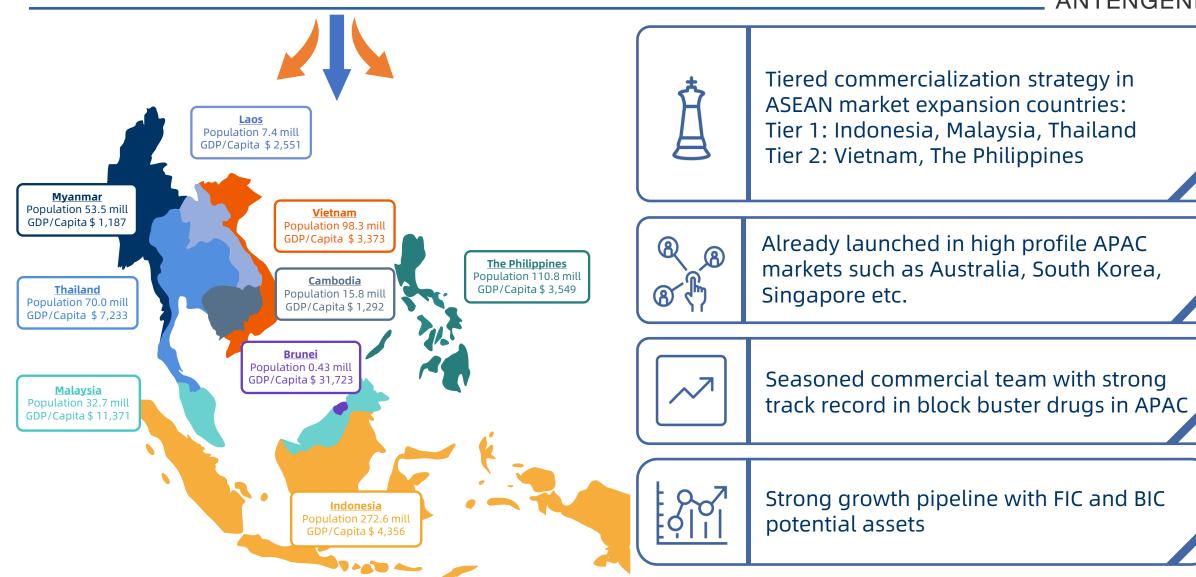
Ensure successful commercial launch of Xpovio®



Expand portfolio in core markets and expand Antengene presence to other stage 2 ASEAN markets

# Antengene is Expanding into Stage 2 ASEAN Markets with Significant Future Commercialization Potential





## Commercial Team with a Proven Track Record of Success



### **Commercialization Strategy**



John F. Chin

■ 30+ years of experience in the pharmaceutical industry, instrumental involvement in the commercial launch and lifecycle management of REVLIMID®, one of the industry's most successful oncology products globally

### **Commercialization in China**



Lixin Yu

- 30+ years of experience in commercialization for Oncological **Products in China**
- Successful launch cases in hematological, global-local products in Multiple Myeloma, Lymphoma and Leukemia

**Commercialization in APAC** 



Thomas Karalis

- 30+ years of experience in the pharmaceutical industry, achieved multiple regulatory and reimbursement milestones in APAC
- Successful launches of REVLIMID®, POMALYST® and ABRAXANE® in APAC markets

Track record of Antengene commercial team in hematology:













#### **China Marketing**



Frank Sun Director, Marketing and Commercial Channels, Hematology BU China

Deep industry experience in hematology product launch in Mainland China, market development and team management

#### **China Sales**



Chen Wei National Director, Hematology BU China

Deep industry experience in commercializing hematology products in Mainland China

#### **China Medical Affairs**



Godfrey Guo Executive Director, Medical, China Seasoned experience in Hematology &

Skin Cancer, proven track record for the launch of a series of novel medicines, including Zelboraf, Hemlibra, Gazyva and Polivy, as well as the expansion of new indications



landscape

Austin Wang Associate Director, MSL, China Extensive experience in working with key KOLs, deep medical insights in CN Hema, market and

#### **AU/NZ Commercialization**



AU, US and EU Commercial, Govt Affairs and Market Access leadership roles in Hematology, Oncology and Specialty Therapeutics

Michele Robbins

### **APAC Medical Affairs**



clinical/translational research background in Hematology and Oncology

Extensive

AU, US and Global Medical

Affairs leadership roles.

Minyoung Kim

**GM** of South Korea

#### Former Country GM at ISPEN KR.30+ years of industry experience in new product launch, market development and team management

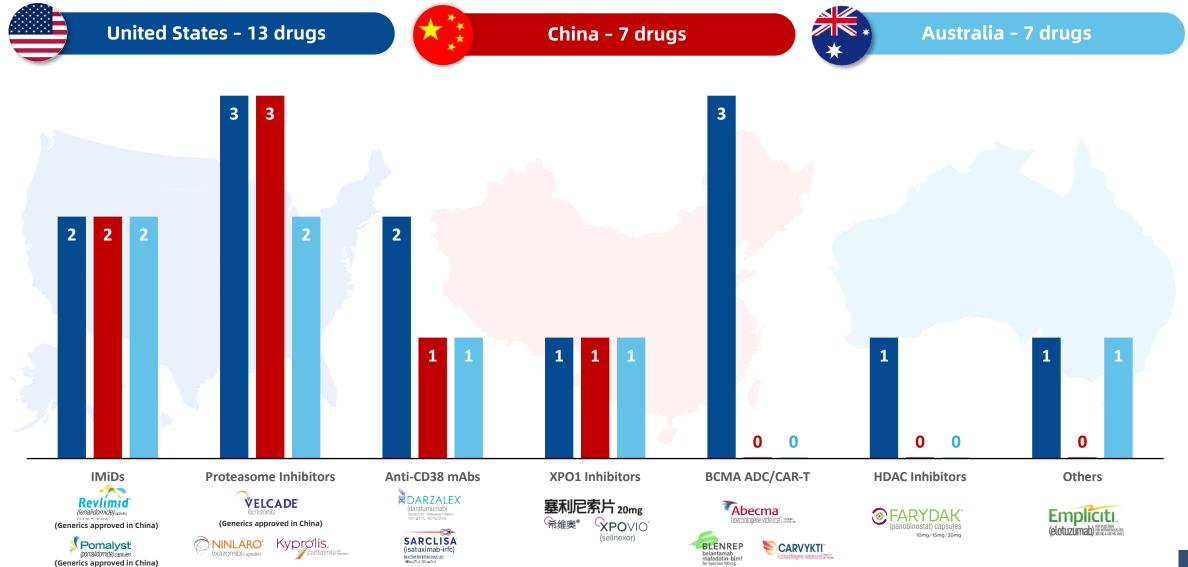
#### **APAC Commercialization**



Extensive ANZ, US and APAC commercial experience including Global Marketing CAR T Launch and strong background in Sathya Walisinghe Hematology & Oncology

# Fewer Multiple Myeloma Medicines Approved in China/Reimbursed in Australia Compared to the US - Launching with Less Competition Outside the US

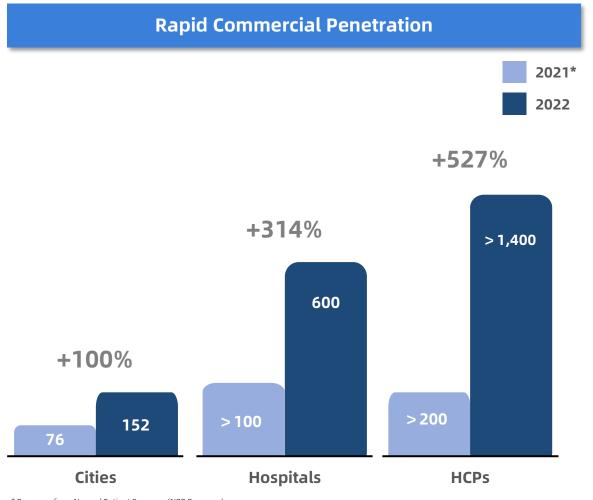




# **Expanding Physician Base and Patient Access to XPOVIO® in Mainland China**



### Laying a solid foundation for a successful commercialization of XPOVIO® in Mainland China



### **Continuously Expanding Business Channels**





















Achieved **46** hospital listings in **19** provinces











Attained **34** urban-customized commercial health insurance listings (Huiminbao) in 28 provinces, autonomous regions & municipalities

## **2022 Mainland China Medical Educational Activities**





**Guidelines** Recommendation



Multiple Myeloma csco













- ✓ CSCO/CMDA/CMA/CACA Myeloma Guidelines Recommendation:
  - the X-base regimen is recommended for first and multiple relapsed patients
- ✓ CSCO Lymphoma Guidelines Recommendation:
  - the **X-base regimen** is **recommended** for 2L+ rrDLBCL patients



**Selinexor China Data Publications/ Submissions** 

Selinexor China Data Publications/Submissions in Major Medical Conferences and Medical Journals



**BMC Medicine** 



















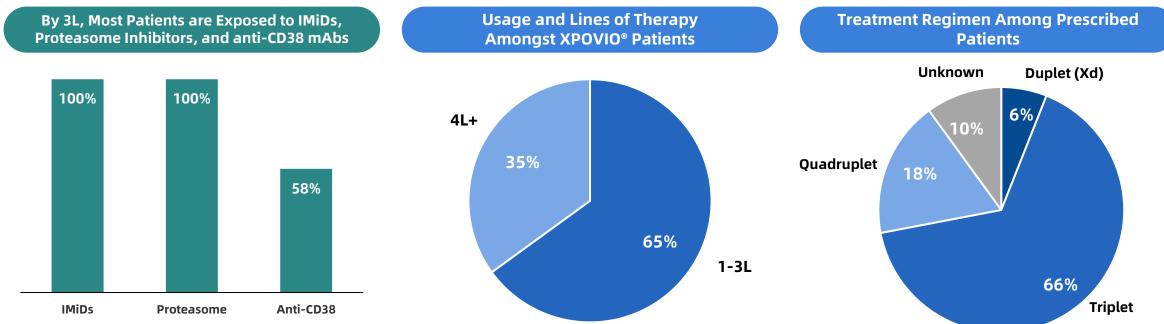




# Initial Observations for XPOVIO® Launch in China Market

XPOVIO® Being Prescribed in Earlier Lines of Therapy





### Physician Testimonials Highlighting XPOVIO's Differentiated Profile

Inhibitors

"MARCH, BOSTON trial data indicates that Selinexor combo regimens bring more innovative therapeutic options and better treatment outcomes for relapsed/refractory, multidrug resistance, metastasis and/or high-risk MM patients."

mAbs

KOL, Dr. Jun Ma, Chief Supervisor of CSCO, Harbin Hematology and Oncology Institute "Selinexor is more convenient and likely leads to higher compliance because it is an **oral regimen**. The efficacy of Selinexor is proven in a number of clinical trials. Besides being used as a monotherapy, Selinexor could also be **combined with a number of drugs such as chemo, target therapy, I/O, etc.**"

KOL, Dr. Zhiming Li, Sun Yat-sen University Cancer Center

# **Asia Pacific Markets - Executing on XPOVIO® Launch Plans**



### **Reimbursement Timelines**

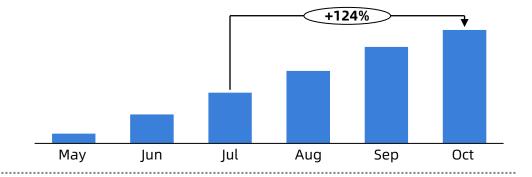


### **Excellent Launch Trajectory**



### Australia

- Total number of XPOVIO® treated patients doubled in 3 months (between July to October)
- First multiple myeloma indication (Xd regimen) included for reimbursement on 1st September
  - XPOVIO<sup>®</sup> achieved that in 180 days; whereas oncology medicines are listed in 496 days on average
- Xd achieved >50% new patient share of available penta-refractory patients
- XVd obtained the Australian PBAC recommendation for reimbursement listing





### **Other Asia Pacific Markets**

- Building of KOL advocacy and XPOVIO® experience:
  - >250 patients treated with XPOVIO® via pre approval access program
  - o Pre-reimbursement Patient Familiarization Program activated
- ASEAN markets expansion commencing with NDA submissions in Thailand and Malaysia in 2022, and Indonesia in H1 2023



### **Asia Pacific Markets 2023 Catalysts**

- Australia
  - XVd in MM reimbursement and PBS listing in H1 2023
- South Korea
  - Xd in MM reimbursement listing in Q4 2023 through PE exemption pathway
- Singapore
  - XPOVIO® Cancer Drug List inclusion in H2 2023

### Hong Kong

- o Xd in MM regulatory approval in H1 2023
- DTC approval and hospital formulary listings
- Taiwan
  - XVd in MM and X in DLBCL positive PBRS decision in Q4 2023, followed by reimbursement listing in Q1 2024



# 2023 is a Catalyst-Rich Year for Antengene



### Commercialization across China and APAC, with multiple data read outs of clinical stage programs



### Selinexor Commercial Launch Across Asia Pacific



- Reimbursement approval: **Australia** (MM XVd)
- Reimbursement submission: South Korea (MM Xd)
- Reimbursement submissions: **Taiwan** (MM XVd; DLBCL)
- XPOVIO® inclusion in the **Singapore Cancer Drug List**
- Commercial launch: **Hong Kong** (MM Xd)

### **Clinical Development Progress**



- Confirm regulatory pathway of ATG-008 (mTORC1/2i) in advanced cervical cancer
- Complete patient enrollment for "BENCH" study of ATG-010 (XPO1i) in 2L+ multiple myeloma
- Preliminary data read out of ATG-017 (ERK1/2i) "ERASER" trial
- Preliminary data read out of ATG-101 (PD-L1/4-1BB BsAb) "PROBE" trial and "PROBE-CN" trial
- Preliminary data read out of ATG-037 (CD73i) "STAMINA" trial
- Preliminary data read out of ATG-018 (ATRi)
  "ATRIUM" trial
  - **First patient dosing: ATG-022** (Claudin 18.2 ADC) and **ATG-031** (CD24 mAb)

### **Multiple Regulatory Filings**



- Selinexor (ATG-010) NDA filing in **Indonesia** (MM SVd & Sd; DLBCL)
- Selinexor (ATG-010) sNDA filing in **Hong Kong** (MM SVd; DLBCL)
- Selinexor (ATG-010) sNDA filing in **Mainland China** (DLBCL)
- Selinexor (ATG-010) sNDA filing in **South Korea** (MM SVd)



## **Steady Stream of Catalysts Continue to Drive Value for Investors**



### Focused on Execution and Key Priorities to Drive Value for Investors in 2023



### **Continued Revenue Generation Across China and APAC markets**

• Starting with 2 disease areas with multiple indication expansion / untapped opportunities with an only-in-class asset in unique markets



### **Broad and Deep Pipeline of Differentiated Global Rights Assets**

 10 global rights assets with highly-differentiated, combinational and synergistic mechanism of action with series of upcoming data read outs



### **Forming Value Creating and Synergistic Partnerships**

 Continued BD discussions on assets, clinical collaborations, in/out-licensing and value-creating partnerships



### Efficiently Utilizing Cash Provided by Our Strong Base of Global Shareholders

• RMB 1,790mm of cash and bank balances as of 31st December 2022



ANTENGENE CORPORATION LIMITED (SEHK: 6996.HK)

APRIL 2023

# THANK YOU

TREATING PATIENTS BEYOND BORDERS